

**PUTTING EVERYTHING
TOGETHER**

OUTLINE

- Organizing the analysis
- “From soup to nuts”
- Sharing
- Archiving

ORGANIZING THE ANALYSIS

DIRECTORY STRUCTURE

- Highly personal – no single “correct” structure
- Also varies by project

DIRECTORY STRUCTURE

- data
 - data/original
 - data/processed
- analyses
 - markdown files
 - scripts (but see below)
- package (optional)
 - for general stand-alone use, *and / or*
 - well-written helper routines, called by main analysis (.md files)
- results
 - fitted models, full simulation output, etc.
 - maybe results/cached + results/final
- output
 - plots, tables, etc., to include directly in paper
 - (sometimes) notebook output

MAKEFILE RULES

- Might be good to have a over-all `makefile`
- Like directory structure, personal and varies by project
- For nearly all projects:
 - `all`: runs everything, typically the default
 - `clean`: delete all output (including processed data, cached results)
 - `download`: (re-)download data from its original source
- Also common:
 - `preprocess`
(or `clean_data`, or ...)
 - `main_analysis`
(might simply call other rules, e.g., `eda`, `fitmodels`, etc.)
 - `output`: create plots, tables, etc.

RESULTS CACHING

- Analysis should be divided into steps, with results saved after each step
- One “step” might be:
 - A digestible amount of code
 - A computationally intensive procedure
 - A logical breaking point
 - The general goal:
 - If someone wonders, *how did they do XYZ?*
 - There is an “obvious” markdown file to look in
 - It is simple to read, quick to run, and (ideally) easy to edit

ONE COMMAND

The user should be able to run your entire analysis – everything – with a single command.

For example:

- `make`
- `docker run myanalysis`
- `run_all.sh`

DATA

The code should automatically (re-)download the data from its original source

Don't:

- Download the data from www.somewhere.com.
- Go to “data” then select “stage 2” and download the .zip file.
- Unzip and follow the instructions in the README.
- After running the preprocessing script as described in the README, place the .csv files into the data directory and ...
- **Do:**
- Use `curl`, `wget`, etc.
- Automate everything
- Retain the original data, but keep it clearly separated from “cleaned” data

FINAL RESULTS

“Final results”:

- Plots
- Tables
- Numerical results (e.g., “ $p = 0.02$ ”)
- *All final results should be output verbatim by your analysis*

FINAL RESULTS

- Numerical results (e.g., “ $p = 0.02$ ”)
 - Embed in a notebook
 - Should be easy to find
- Tables
 - `xtable`
 - `kable`
 - `stargazer`
- Plots
 - `annotate()` (ggplot2)
 - `tikzDevice`
- If you absolutely must edit by hand:
 - `diff` and `patch`

SHARING

EASILY ACCESSIBLE

To make your analysis easily accessible,

- Post the code somewhere it is easy to browse (e.g., github)
- Post a fully self-contained docker image
- Post (or link to) the data somewhere you can download it directly
- Post any packages on CRAN, PyPi, etc.
- Keep the versions of your project in sync and leave a trail, e.g.,
 - Include your dockerfile on github
 - Have your docker image build directly from github
 - In the docker build, output a timestamp and the git commit that is used
- Cross-reference the websites

ARCHIVING

NOTABLE OPTIONS

- Zenodo
- Open Science Foundation

Also, keep your own copy!